

medication and herbal remedies. Your doctor will let you know if and for how long you need to stop taking your medication.

Your doctor will let you know whether the ascitic tap procedure requires **pre-procedure fasting**.

Aftercare:

Please do not get up on your own after the procedure, as requested.

If the procedure is performed **on an out-patient basis**, it is necessary for an adult to come and collect you. Please also make sure there will be an adult at home to supervise you for the period of time recommended by your doctor.

Please inform your doctor immediately or come to the clinic if you experience symptoms such as **abdominal pain, fever, severely reduced urine production, nausea, vomiting** or other symptoms after the puncture procedure. These symptoms may require immediate medical attention. They may occur even days after the procedure.

COMPLICATIONS AND SIDE EFFECTS

RISIKEN, MÖGLICHE KOMPLIKATIONEN UND NEBENWIRKUNGEN

It is well known that **any medical procedure is accompanied by certain risks**. If complications occur, they may sometimes require additional treatment or surgery and, in extreme cases, can sometimes even be **life-threatening** or lead to permanent damage – even after some time. Please understand that, for legal reasons, any possible risks associated with this procedure must be listed, even if some of these only occur in exceptional cases. During the interview, your doctor will inform you of any risks specific to your case. You may also choose to waive a detailed explanation. In that event, please pass over this section on risks and confirm your waiver with your signature in the final section of this form.

Post-procedure **bleeding** is usually noticed immediately and can then be stopped. If the bleeding is severe, it may require surgical treatment. Should severe blood loss occur, the use of donor blood/blood components (**transfusion**) may be required. This can lead to transmission of diseases, such as hepatitis in very rare cases (causing dangerous inflammation of the liver), HIV in extremely rare cases (causing AIDS), BSE (causing a form of Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease) or also of other dangerous – even unknown – diseases.

Bruising (haematomata) sometimes occurs at or around the puncture site. This may lead to firm, painful swelling. Most of the time, this will disappear after a few days or weeks even without treatment. If **ascetic fluid is leaking** from the puncture site (leakage), the site may have to be sutured.

Infections at the puncture site, including syringe abscess or tissue death (necrosis), rarely occur. They will lead to swelling, redness, pain, warm skin and a temperature. In extremely rare cases, an **inflammation of the abdominal lining** may occur. In most cases, infections can be treated successfully with antibiotics. In rare cases, germs may be introduced into the bloodstream, leading to **life-threatening blood poisoning** (toxaemia) or inflammation of the endocardium (endocarditis) as a result.

Injury of neighbouring organs cannot be ruled out entirely. If injuries are severe, surgical intervention may become necessary, and a dangerous infection can result. In extreme cases, loss of the affected organ may result.

Nerves are rarely **damaged** in the course of a puncture procedure. Numbness, paralysis and pain may then result. They are usually temporary. On rare occasions, these symptoms may persist even after treatment.

Allergic reactions, for instance to anaesthesia or latex, can lead to skin rash, itching, swelling, nausea and coughing. Severe reactions such as shortness of breath, spasms, tachycardia or **life-threatening circulatory shock** are rare. They may then result in permanent organ damage, such as brain damage, paralyses or kidney failure requiring dialyses.

If large amounts of ascetic fluid are removed, it may lead to a **drop in blood pressure** and even to **circulatory failure** or to acute, life-threatening kidney failure. For this reason, the loss of fluid and protein is counteracted through intravenous infusion.

Important Questions for Outpatients

Wichtige Fragen für ambulante Eingriffe

Who will pick you up when you are discharged from the hospital/clinic/surgeon's practise? Wer wird Sie abholen, sobald Sie aus Klinik/Praxis entlassen werden?

Name and age of the person picking you up: [Name und Alter des Abholers]

Where can you be reached within the 24 hours after surgery?
Wo sind Sie in den nächsten 24 Stunden nach dem Eingriff erreichbar?

Street, house number, postcode, place: [Straße, Hausnummer, PLZ, Ort,]

Telephone: [Telefonnummer]

Name and age of person looking after you: [Name und Alter der Aufsichtsperson]

Who is your physician (the one whose care you are in/who referred you/family surgeon)? Wer ist Ihr überweisender Arzt / Hausarzt / weiter betreuender Arzt?

Name: [Name]

Street, house number: [Straße, Hausnummer]

postcode, place: [PLZ, Ort]

Telephone: [Telefonnummer]



Questions about Your Medical History

Please fill in the following questionnaire carefully before your information talk. **Please tick the applicable box!** It goes without saying that your information will be treated confidentially. The information you provide will help the physician to better assess the risks of treatment in your particular case, to advise you on the complications that could occur, and to take any steps needed to prevent complications and side effects.

yes=ja no=nein

(If certain answers are preselected, please correct them if anything has changed.)

Information about medications:

Do you regularly require blood thinning medications (anticoagulants) or have you taken any or have any been injected during the past 8 days? yes no
 Aspirin® (ASS), Heparin, Marcumar®,
 Plavix®, Ticlopidin, Clopidogrel, Xarelto®,
 Pradaxa®.

Angaben zur Medikamenteneinnahme: Benötigen Sie regelmäßig blutgerinnungshemmende Mittel oder haben Sie in der letzten Zeit (bis vor 8 Tagen) welche eingenommen bzw. gespritzt? Aspirin® (ASS),
 Heparin, Marcumar®, Plavix®, Ticlopidin, Clopidogrel,
 Xarelto®, Pradaxa®.

Any other: Sonstiges: _____
 Sonstiges:

When did you take the most recent dose?

Wann war die letzte Einnahme?

Do you take any other medications?

Nehmen Sie andere Medikamente ein?
 If so, which ones: _____
 Wenn ja, bitte auflisten:

(Please include non-prescription medications, herbal and other natural remedies, vitamins, etc.)
 (Auch rezeptfreie Medikamente, natürliche oder pflanzliche Heilmittel, Vitamine, etc.)

Have you ever had surgery on the abdomen?

yes no
 Wurden Sie schon einmal im **Bauchbereich** operiert?

Were there any complications?

Ergaben sich dabei Komplikationen?
 If so, what complications?: _____
 Wenn ja, welche?

Are you pregnant?

not certain yes no
 Sind Sie schwanger?

Do you have or have you ever had any of the following diseases or symptoms:

Liegen oder lagen nachstehende Erkrankungen oder Anzeichen dieser Erkrankungen vor:

Blood diseases / blood clotting disorders?

yes no
 increased tendency to bleed (e.g. frequent nosebleeds, increased bleeding after surgery, minor wounds or dental treatment, stronger or longer menstrual bleeding), tendency to bruise (frequent bruising possibly for no particular reason).

Bluterkrankung/Blutgerinnungsstörung? Erhöhte Blutungsneigung (z.B. häufiges Nasenbluten, verstärkte Nachblutung nach Operationen, bei kleinen Verletzungen oder Zahnarztbehandlung, verstärkte oder verlängerte Regelblutung), Neigung zu Blutergüssen (häufig blaue Flecken auch ohne besonderen Anlass).

Do you have any blood relatives with signs of blood disease / clotting disorders?

yes no
 Gibt es bei Blutsverwandten Hinweise auf Bluterkrankungen/Blutgerinnungsstörungen?

Allergies / Oversensitivity?

yes no

Medications, foods, contrast media, iodine, sticking plaster, latex (e.g. rubber gloves, balloons) pollen (grass, trees), anaesthetics, metals (itching caused by metal spectacles frames, jewellery, jeans buttons).

Allergie/Überempfindlichkeit? Medikamente, Lebensmittel, Kontrastmittel, Jod, Pflaster, Latex (z.B. Gummihandschuhe, Luftballon), Pollen (Gräser, Bäume), Betäubungsmittel, Metalle (z. B. Juckreiz durch Metal brillengestell, Modeschmuck oder Hosennieten).

Any other: _____

Sonstiges:

Heart, circulatory or blood vessel diseases?

yes no

Heart attack, chest pain and/or tightness (angina pectoris), heart defect, irregular heart rhythm, inflammation of heart muscle, heart valve disease, shortness of breath while climbing stairs, heart surgery (possibly with insertion of an artificial heart valve, pacemaker, defibrillator), high blood pressure, low blood pressure.

Herz-/Kreislauf-/Gefäß-Erkrankungen? Herzinfarkt, Angina pectoris (Schmerzen im Brustkorb, Brustenge), Herzfehler, Herzrhythmusstörungen, Herzmuskelentzündung, Herzklappenerkrankung, Luftnot beim Treppensteigen, Herzoperation (ggf. mit Einsatz einer künstlichen Herzklappe, Herzschrittmacher, Defibrillator), hoher Blutdruck, niedriger Blutdruck.

Any other: _____

Sonstiges:

Metabolic diseases?

yes no

Diabetes (sugar sickness), gout.

Stoffwechsel-Erkrankungen? Diabetes (Zuckerkrankheit), Gicht.

Any other: Sonstiges:

Thyroid diseases?

yes no

Underactive thyroid, overactive thyroid.

Schilddrüsenerkrankungen? Unterfunktion, Überfunktion.

Any other: _____

Sonstiges:

Contagious diseases?

yes no

Hepatitis, tuberculosis, HIV.

Infektionskrankheiten? Hepatitis, Tuberkulose, HIV.

Any other: _____

Sonstiges:

Any other acute or chronic diseases / illnesses?

yes no

Nicht aufgeführte akute oder chronische Erkrankungen?

Please describe: _____

Bitte kurz beschreiben:

